APPENDIX F:

preventive care checklist for transmasculine patients

For annual health assessments of transmasculine patients, applying to patients who were assigned female at birth and have a gender identity that is male or on the masculine spectrum, who may or may not have accessed hormonal and/or surgical treatments for gender dysphoria/gender incongruence.

Prepared by: Dr. A. Bourns · Adapted from the Preventive Care Checklist Form © 2016

(see Ridley, J, Ischayek, A., Dubey, V., Iglar, K., Adult health Checkup: Update on the Preventive Care Checklist Form© Canadian Family Physician, 2016 Apr; 62:307-313)

Please note:

Bold = transgender-specific considerations, see Explanation Sheet for detailed recommendations

Unbolded items should be followed according to the most recent update to the original Preventive Care Checklist®

		Cnec	KIISt©
IDENTIFYING DATA:	MEDICAL TRANSITION HISTORY:		
Name:	Testosterone:	O Yes	O No
Tel:	If Yes, Start Date:		
DOB:	Chest Reconstruction:	O Yes	O No
Age:	TAH:	O Yes	O No
Date of Examination:	BSO:	O Yes	O No
	Genital Reconstruc	tion	
	Clitoral Release:	O Yes	O No
	Meta:	O Yes	O No
	Phallo:	O Yes	O No
CURRENT CONCERNS	LIFESTYLE/HABI	ΓS/PSYCHC	SOCIAL:
	Diet:		
	Fat/Cholesterol		
	Fibre		
	Calcium		
	Sodium		
	Exercise:		
	Work/Education:		
	Poverty:		
	Social supports:		
	Family:		
	Relationships:		
	Sexual History:		
	Family Planning/Contrac	eption:	
	Name change/identificat	ion:	
	Sleep:		
	Smoking:		
	Alcohol:	6 6 6 6 :	1-12 40/v 1 -2//
	Drugs:		elines ≤10/week, ≤2/day
	gs		

MENIAL HEALIH			EDUCATION/COUNSELLING		
Screen for:			Behavioural		
Depression	O Positive	O Negative	adverse nutritional habits		
Suicidal Ideation	O Positive	O Negative	dietary advice on fat/choleseterol		
Self-harm	O Positive	O Negative	adequate calcium intake (1200 mg daily diet + supp)		
Anxiety	O Positive	O Negative	☐ adequate vitamin D		
Persistent Gender Dysphoria	O Positive	O Negative	(1000 IU daily) □ hormone adherence □ regular, moderate physical activity □ avoid sun exposure, use protective clothing □ safe sex practices/STI counselling/PrEP indications □ review potential for pregnancy/		
Experiences/Impacts of transphobia	O Positive	O Negative			
UPDATE CUMULATIV	VE PATIENT	PROFILE	assess need for birth control □ assess need for folic acid (0.4-0.8 mg)		
☐ Family History			Overweight (BMI 25-29) or Obese (BMI 30-39)		
			Overweight (BMI 25-29)		
☐ Hospitalizations/Surger	ries		Obese (BMI 30-39)		
■ Allergies			structured behavioural interventions for weight loss		
			screen for mental health contributors		
FUNCTIONAL INQUIR	Υ		multidisciplinary approach		
Normal Re	emarks:		Underweight		
HEENT:			Underweight (BMI<18)		
CVS:			screen for eating disorders		
Resp:			Smoking		
Chest:			smoking cessation		
GI:			 nicotine replacement therapy/other medications dietary advice on fruits and green leafy vegetables 		
GU/PV bleeding:			referral to validated smoking cessation program		
Sexual Function:			Alcohol & other substances		
MSK:			☐ case finding for problematic substance use		
			 counselling for problematic substance use referral for substance abuse treatment 		
Neuro:			provide naloxone kit if indicated		
Derm:			Eldouk		
Constitutional Sx:			Elderly ☐ cognitive assessment (if concerns)		
			fall assessment (if history of falls)		
PHYSICAL EXAMINA	ATION:		□ advanced care planning		
Physical examination, as red			Oral hygeine		
into consideration pre-existing conditions			☐ brushing/flossing teeth		
and presenting complaints BP HT			☐ fluoride (toothpaste/supplement) ☐ tooth scaling and prophylaxis		
BP			smoking cessation		
WT	BMI		Personal safety		
☐ Or See EMR Vitals			hearing protection		
			noise control programs		
			☐ seat belts ☐ injection safety		
May include:			bathroom safety		
Chest			Davanta with abildran		
Pelvic/pap			Parents with children ☐ poison control prevention		
Ano-rectum			smoke detectors		
Derm			☐ non-flammable sleepwear☐ hot water thermostat settings (<54°C)		
			increased incrinosial settings (504 C)		

≤64 YEARS ≥65 YEARS

Mammography (q2 yrs age 50-74 if no chest reconstruction)	☐ Mammography (q2 yrs age 50-74 if no chest reconstruction	
☐ Cervical cytology (q3 yrs if ever sexually active and 21-69 yrs)	☐ Cervical cytology (q3 yrs if ever sexually active and up to 69 yrs)	
☐ Fecal immunochemical test (FIT) (age 50-64 q2 yrs)	Fecal immunochemical test (FIT) (up to 74 yrs q2 yrs)	
OR Sigmoidoscopy OR Colonoscopy	OR Sigmoidoscopy OR Colonoscopy	
☐ GC/CT/Syphilis/HIV/HBV/HCV screen (high risk)	☐ GC/CT/Syphilis/HIV/HBV/HCV screen (high risk)	
☐ Bone Mineral Density if at risk	☐ Bone Mineral Density	
	☐ Audioscope (or inquire/whispered voice test)	
Consider Anal Pap if history of receptive anal	sex, q2-3 yrs or yearly if HIV+ (age range not defined)	
ANNUAL TRANS BLOODWORK (ALL A HORMONE THERAPY) Lab Test		
	Indication	
☐ CBC*	yearly	
□ ALT+/-AST	per provider discretion	
☐ Total testosterone	yearly	
🗖 ЦН	yearly if agonadal	
☐ Lipid Profile	at 12 mos, then per routine guidelines	
☐ Hba1c or FPG	at 12 mos, then per routine guidelines	
*use male reference range for ULN Hb/Hct		
≤64 YEARS	≥65 YEARS	
☐ Tetanus vaccine q10 yrs	☐ Tetanus vaccine q10 yrs	
☐ Influenza vaccine q1 yr	☐ Influenza vaccine q1 yr	
☐ Acellular pertussis vaccine	☐ Pneumococcal vaccine	
☐ Varicella vaccine (2 doses)	☐ Acellular pertussis vaccine	
Human papillomavirus vaccine (consider up to age 45 yrs, publicly covered ≤26 yrs if sexually active with MSM)	☐ Varicella vaccine (2 doses)	
☐ Measles/mumps/rubella vaccine	☐ Herpes zoster vaccine (publicly covered 65-70yrs)	
☐ Meningococcal vaccine		
☐ Herpes zoster vaccine (consider ≥60 yrs)		
☐ Hepatitis A/Hepatitis B ☐ Hep A immunity ☐ Hep B immunity		

ASSESSMENT AND PLANS